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and a

| Coban 2   |   |   |  |
|---|---|---|--|
| Classification Compression Therapy Non-Elastic/Short-Stretch Wrap |   |   |  |
| Key Points  | For Compression Therapy in general  |   |  |
|   | • A physician/NP order or clinical direction from a Wound Clinician is required to apply a  |   |  |
|   | compression wrap  |   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Only health care professionals who have successfully completed additional education for<br/>compression therapy may apply compression wraps</li> </ul>   |   |  |
|   |   |   |  |
|   | • Follow agency/Health Authority compression therapy policies/practice standard.  |   |  |
|   | • Refer to the <u>Guideline: Application of Compression Therapy</u> for further information related to  |   |  |
|   | indications, precautions and contraindications  |   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>For this product specifically</li> <li>A single use only, latex-free, 2-layer inelastic/short-stretch system providing high compression</li> </ul>   |   |  |
|   |   |   |  |
| Indications   | <ul> <li>(30 - 40 mmHg) for up to 7 days; plus a 100% nylon stocking to for easier application of footwear</li> <li>For clients with an ABI is 0.8 or greater and requiring high compression therapy for the</li> </ul> |   |  |
| mulcations  | treatment of:   |   |  |
|   | • Venous insufficiency with or without ulcer(s) or  |   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Arterial/venous insufficiency with or without ulcer(s) or</li> </ul>   |   |  |
|   | • Lymphedema with or without ulcers(s)  |   |  |
|   | o Generalized lower limb edema  |   |  |
| Precautions   | Compression wraps may be used:  |   |  |
|   | $\circ$ Used with caution for clients whose ABI is between 0.50 and 0.89 as this value indicates  |   |  |
|   | moderate to mild arterial insufficiency   |   |  |
|   | $\circ$ Used with caution and under an order from a Physician/NP for clients whose ABI is 1.31 or   |   |  |
|   | greater as this value indicates calcified arteries (often seen in clients with diabetes mellitus  |   |  |
|   | and/or with advanced small vessel disease)  |   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Used with extreme caution and in consultation with a vascular surgeon for clients whose ABI</li> <li>is 0.49 or less as this value indicates severe to critical arterial insufficiency.</li> </ul>             |   |  |
|   | is 0.49 or less as this value indicates severe to critical arterial insufficiency<br>• Very thin less and honey prominences need to be well hadded to protect them from pressure  |   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Very thin legs and boney prominences need to be well padded to protect them from pressure</li> <li>Promptly remove the wrap and notify the Physician/NP/Wound Clinician if the client develop</li> </ul>       |   |  |
|   | • Promptly remove the wrap and notify the Physician NP/ wound clinician if the client develop pain or a pale, cool or numb toes or foot, or signs and symptoms of Heart Failure   |   |  |
| Contraindications   | Do not apply in the presence of uncontrolled Heart Failure  |   |  |
|   | • Do not apply in the presence of an untreated lower limb skin or wound infection   |   |  |
| Formats & Sizes   | Compression Kit 10cm  |   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Comfort Layer: 10cm x 3.5m</li> </ul>  | Coban 2   |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Wrap: 10 cm x 4.5m (purple roll)</li> </ul>  | 2 Loss Cargenauxo Byden<br>                       |  |
|   | Stocking  |   |  |
|   | Compression Kit 15cm  |   |  |
|   | Comfort Layer: 15cm x 3.5m  |   |  |
|   | Wrap: 15cm x 4.5m (purple roll)   |   |  |
|   | Stocking  |   |  |
|   | Application Directions  | Rationale   |  |
| Apply wrap in the early morning, if possible.                     |   | Edema should be minimal in the morning.           |  |
| Wash or shower leg(s) with warm water using a pH-balanced         |   | To remove dead skin and resolve/prevent dry skin. |  |
| skin cleanser. Moisturize intact skin with agency approved        |   | This measurement gives a base-line assessment/re- |  |
| moisturizer; allow moisturizer to absorb/dry before wrapping.     |   | assessment of the client's edema.                 |  |
| Measure the ankle circumference 10 cm from the bottom of the      |   |   |  |
| heel; measure the calf circumference 30 cm from the bottom of     |   |   |  |
| the heel.   |   |   |  |
| Apply an appropriate cover dressing if wound is present.          |   |   |  |
| To Apply Wrap   |   |   |  |
| Support the foot off the floor and position the foot in           |   | Dorsiflexion ensures a good walking position once |  |
| dorsiflexion with the calf muscle at rest.                        |   | the wrap is on.                                   |  |

Providence

Vancouver CoastalHealth

| Created by the British Columbia Provincial Nursing Skin and Wound Com   |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| First Nations Health Authority<br>Health drough velvess First Nations Health Authority  | Provincial Authority     Provincial Authority     Province destination     Province destina |  |  |
| Skin and Wound Product  | Information Sheet   |  |  |
| First Layer<br>The foam comfort layer is to be applied with the foam side next<br>to the skin. Do not stretch.  |   |  |  |
| Beginning at the fifth metatarsal head, start with a circular winding at the base of toes.  |   |  |  |
| The second circle of the comfort layer should come across the top of the foot, so that the middle of the bandage covers the articulating aspect of the ankle joint; the heel is not covered and the plantar surface of the foot does not need to be completely covered.<br>If a small fold in the padding occurs, position the fold on either |   |  |  |
| side of the Achilles Tendon.  |   |  |  |
| Proceed up the leg in a spiral wrap, minimal overlap using just<br>enough tension to conform to the shape of the leg. Stop two<br>finger widths below the knee. Cut off excess material and secure<br>with tape as needed; do not apply tape to skin.<br>Padding layer will be smoothed down when covered by the<br>compression layer.        | A BAR   |  |  |
| Ensure that bony prominences are adequately protected, if   | To prevent undue pressure over bony prominences.  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>needed; to protect the shin area:</li> <li>Cut a strip of comfort layer, the length of the toes to the knee.</li> <li>Lay the piece such that it covers the top of the foot and tibial crest of the leg.</li> <li>At the level of the ankle, make a slit on each side to allow the strip to conform at the ankle</li> </ul>          |   |  |  |
| Second Layer  |   |  |  |
| Apply compression layer at full stretch throughout.<br>Begin with a circular wrap at the base of the toes, starting at 5 <sup>th</sup> metatarsal head.<br>The second winding should come across the foot and around the back of the heel.  | A   |  |  |
| Complete two to three figures-of-eight around the ankle to ensure the entire foot/heel are covered with at least two layers.  |   |  |  |
| Proceed up the leg using spiral technique using a 50% overlap and a 100% stretch of the compression wrap.   |   |  |  |
| Stop two fingers widths below the knee, cut off excess material<br>– the bandage should be even with the padding layer.   |   |  |  |
| Press lightly on the entire surface of the compression wrap.<br>The nylon stocking may be used overtop of the wrap for easier<br>application of the client's footwear.  | To ensure the two layers adhere to each other.  |  |  |
| To Remove Wrap  | Colorare will slide easily under the compression ways   |  |  |
| Remove by unwrapping or by cutting the wrap with bandage scissors. If cutting, lift the bandage up from the underlying skin before cutting to avoid trauma from scissors.   | Scissors will slide easily under the compression wrap<br>if the ends of the scissors are first dipped in a<br>moisturizer.  |  |  |
| Frequency of Wrap Change  |   |  |  |
| Wrap can apply sustained high compression for up to 7 days given slippage does not occur and/or, if a wound is present, the   |   |  |  |
| wound exudate is managed. Expected Outcome  |   |  |  |
| Measurable improvement in the ankle and calf measurements   |   |  |  |
| within 1 week. For further information, please cont   | act your Wound Clinician  |  |  |
| For further information, please contact your Wound Clinician.   |   |  |  |