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Skin and Wound Product Information Sheet

Chlorhexidine (CHG) Solution 2% w 70% Alcohol for Wound Care		
Classification	Antiseptic	
Key Points	 Chlorhexidine Gluconate (CHG) 2% solution compounded with 70% alcohol. Antiseptic known to inhibit/kill skin colonizing flora including methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA); including gram-positive, gram-negative non-spore forming bacteria, yeast, & selective lipid envelope viruses (HIV). Not to be used as a wound cleanser but as a procedural prep or for maintaining dry, stable eschar when Povidone lodine can not be used. 	
Indications	 As a prep for Conservative Sharp Wound Debridement procedure for wounds which show S&S of a wound infection or for immunocompromised client's wounds e.g. diabetic foot ulcer. May be used to achieve and maintain dry, stable eschar (e.g. arterial wounds) when the client is sensitive to Povidone lodine. 	
Precautions	 Solution must be allowed to dry to ensure effectiveness. Alcohol based solution is flammable. May cause skin and eye irritation. If irritated, wash with water immediately and discontinue use. If in contact with the eyes, flush with running water 15 minutes 	
Contraindications	• Do not use for clients with known sensitivity to chlorhexidine.	
Formats & Sizes	 Swab one swab per package Solution 500 mL 	And the second and th
Ar	plication Directions	Rationale
Swab are single-use only. Discard once used. Label the 500 mL bottle with the client's name. Date the bottle.		Bottles are to be single-client use. Discard open bottles within 30 days.
For Wound Prep Pre and Post CSWD		
For solution: pour CGH solution into the dressing tray. Soak gauze dressings in the solution. Remove the gauze dressing(s) from the solution, squeeze out excess using sterile glove hand or forceps.		Do not leave cotton gauze in the GHG solution for longer that 15 minutes as the cotton compromises the effectiveness of CHG.
Using either the soaked gauze or the swab, cleanse the necrotic tissue/slough wound area(s) and periwound skin. Allow solution to dry for 30 seconds for dry areas and 2 minutes for moist areas.		If skin becomes irritated, discontinue use and wash immediately with Normal Saline or tap water.
Post-CSWD, thoroughly cleanse the area with Normal Saline to remove any residue.		Skin may become irritated with the residue of solution when under a dressing.
For Maintenance of D	-	
Cleanse area with Nor	mal Saline.	
For solution: pour CGH solution into the dressing tray. Soak gauze dressings in the solution. Remove the gauze dressing(s) from the solution, squeeze out excess using sterile glove hand or forceps.		Do not leave cotton gauze in the GHG solution for longer that 15 minutes as the cotton compromises the effectiveness of CHG.
Using either the soaked gauze or the swab, wipe the dry, stable eschar plus the 2.5cm of the peri-wound skin. Allow solution to dry for 30 seconds for dry areas and 2 minutes for moist areas.		Skin may become irritated with the residue of solution when under a dressing, stocking, etc. If skin irritation, occurs, discontinue use and wash immediately with
	Farea is to be covered with a dressing, stocking, etc. ensure the rea is thoroughly dry before covering it.	
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Created by the British Columbia Provincial Nursing Skin and Wound Committee in collaboration with the Wound Clinicians from > Northern health

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Providence

Frequency of Application			
As needed for CSWD prep.			
For maintenance of dry, stable eschar, daily.			
Expected Outcome			
As a prep for CSWD; decreases bacterial load prior to procedure.			
For maintenance of dry, stable eschar; eschar remains dry and stable.			
For further information, please contact your Wound Clinician.			

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